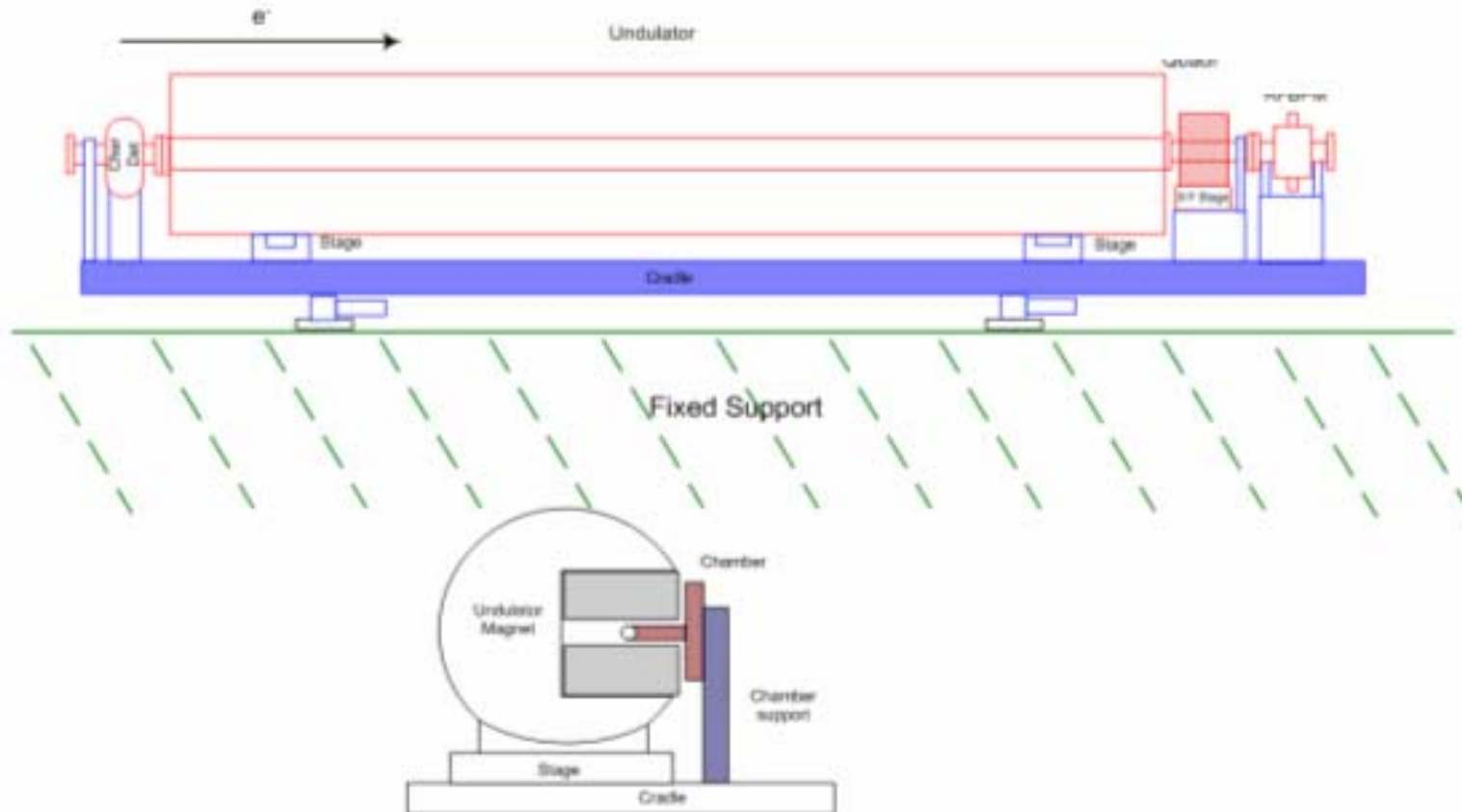


# LCLS Undulator Support System



# LCLS Fixed Support Girder

## LCLS Fixed Support Girder

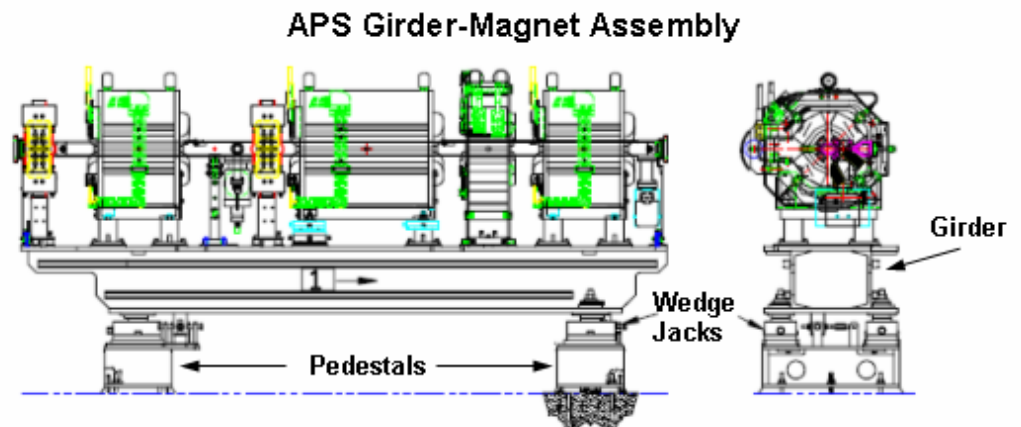
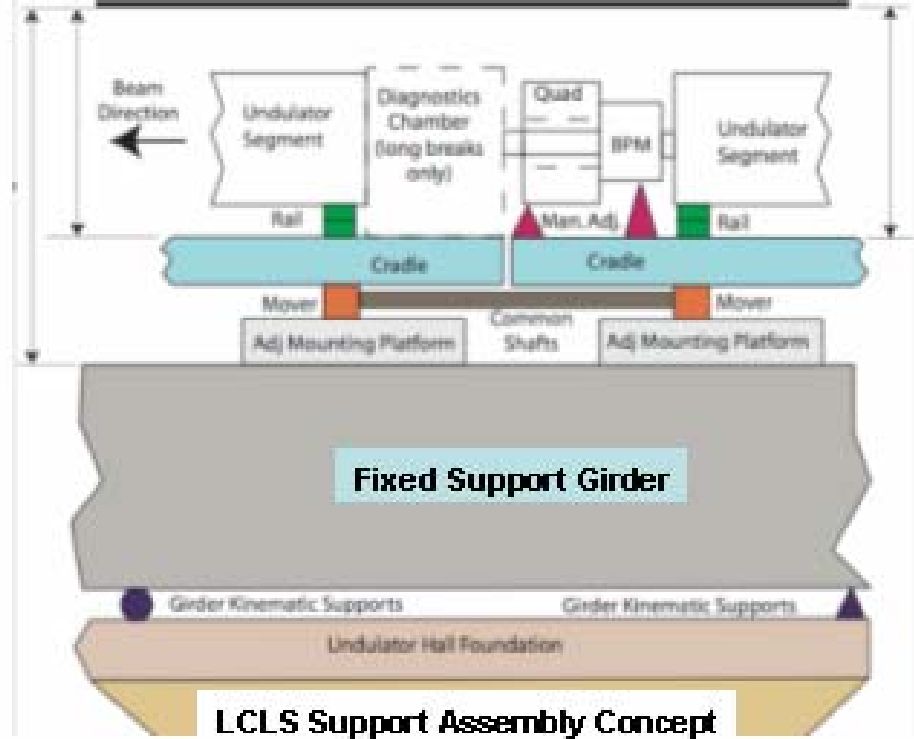
➡ APS Pedestals

## LCLS Mounting Platform + Mover

➡ APS Wedge Jacks

## LCLS Cradle

➡ APS Girder



## Fixed Support Design Criteria

### LCLS Specification #1.4 -001

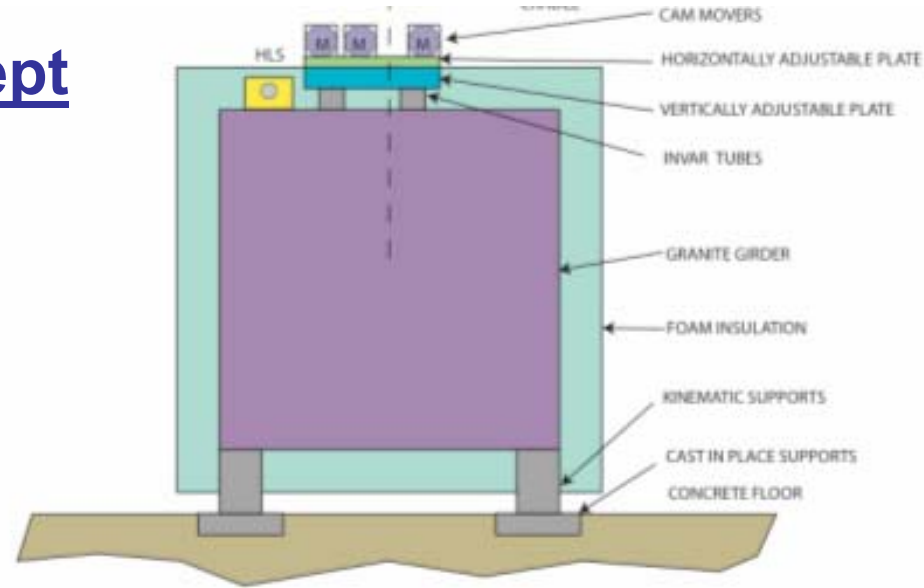
- Short term (10 h) BPM and Quad stability:  $\pm 1 \mu\text{m}$
- BPM and quad stability to position sensors :  $1 \mu\text{m}$
- Quad center long term (2 months) stability wrt CA:  $4 \mu\text{m}$
- BPM center long term (2 month) stability wrt CA:  $1 \mu\text{m}$
  
- Max. horizontal earthquake acceleration: 2 g
- Max. vertical earthquake acceleration: 1g

- 
- Relative floor settlement at 10 m (LCLS-TN-04-14):  $\sim \pm 1 \mu\text{m} / \text{day}$
  - Undulator tunnel temperature stability:  $\pm 0.2^\circ \text{C}$
  - Max. floor settlement (LCLS-TN-04-14):  $\pm 25 \text{ mm}$
  - Changes in heat flux:  $3 \text{ W/m}^2$

# Present Fixed Support Concept

A granite girder is proposed instead of pedestals.

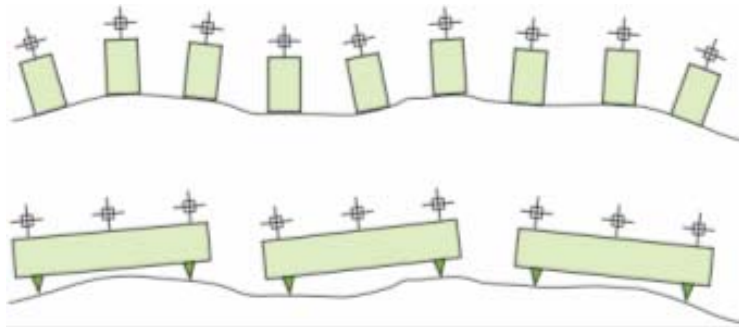
This is supposed to reduce phase error (by a factor of 5) caused by ground settlement between scheduled beam-based alignment (BBA) sessions.



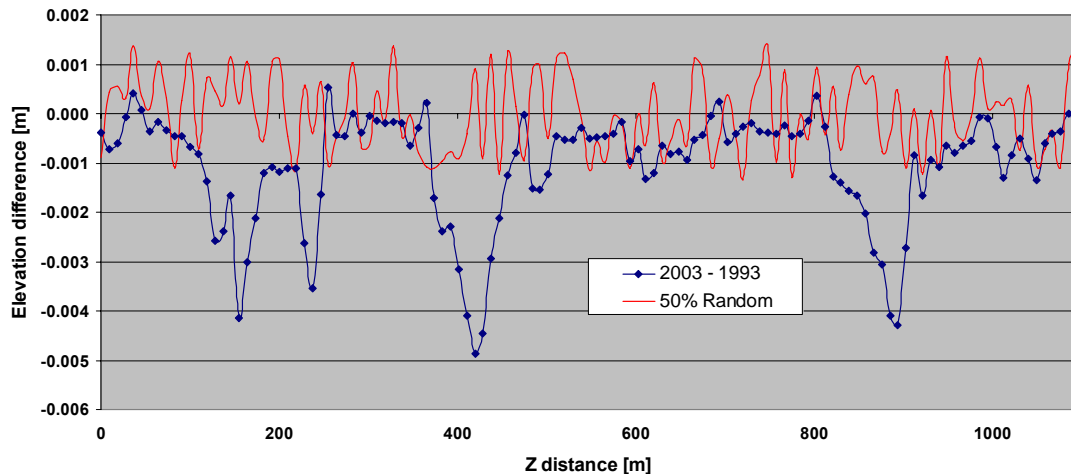
- 12 meter long granite girder each supporting 3 undulators and 3 quads.
- Approximate cost of 0.8mx0.8mx12m granite block is \$40,000.
- Granite girder is to be enclosed in water-cooled thermal insulation.
- The girder is mounted on kinematic supports (not yet designed).

## Phase Error Calculations

- Calculations are based on 20  $\mu\text{m}$  uncorrelated (random) floor settlement between BBA sessions.
- Average APS floor settlement is  $\sim 1.5 \mu\text{m}/\text{day}$  (correlated +uncorrelated).
- Long girders provide no advantage when APS settlement (normalized to 20  $\mu\text{m}$ ) is used in the calculations.
- Comparisons between short and long girders is to exclude correlated part of the settlement. Why ?



APS STORAGE RING FLOOR SETTLEMENT 2003 - 1993



April 19, 2005

S. Sharma (APS)

## Correlated vs Uncorrelated Ground Settlement

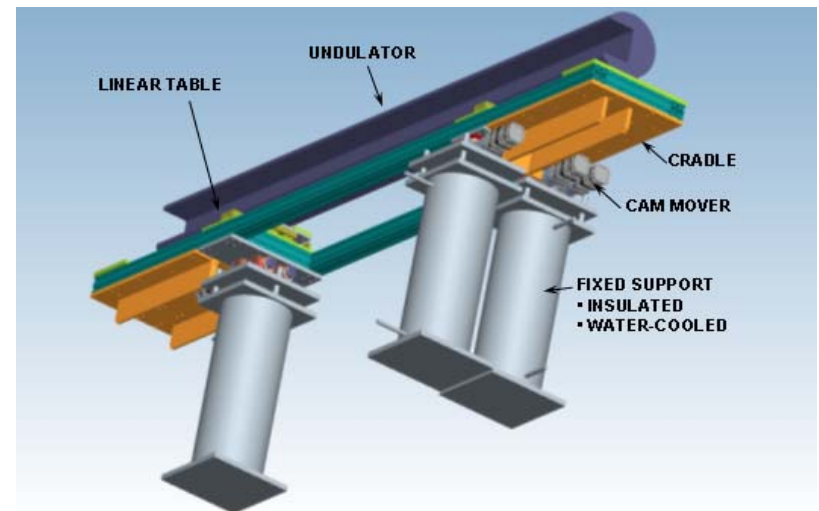
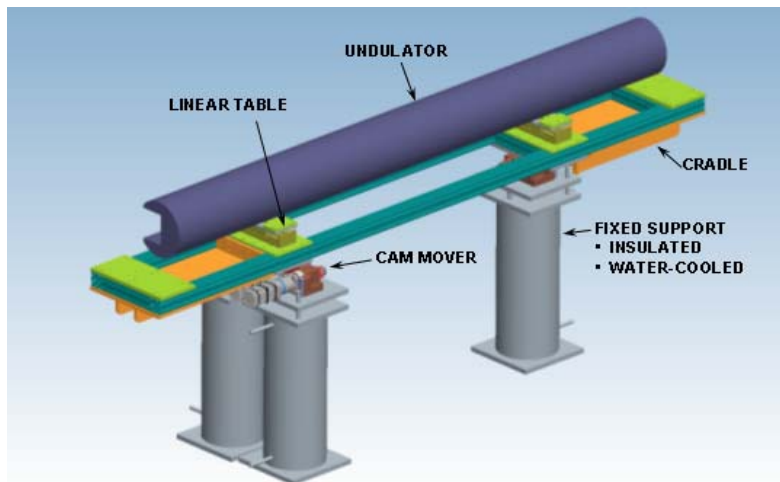
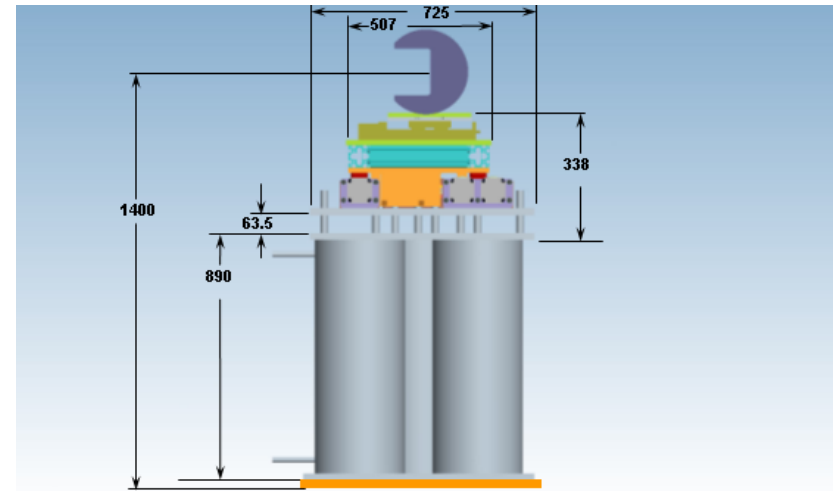
.....Paul (Emma) has developed a fine tuning scheme that is ancillary to BBA which would largely take out this kind of error. He does this by *selecting and moving only a few of the most important quadrupoles* (equivalent to using the new EM correctors) to minimize the BPM readings. *This kind of correction can be done much more quickly than full scale BBA, perhaps on a daily basis without significant disruption to the experimental program. As a result of your probing and discussions with Paul I am going to incorporate Paul's fine tuning scheme into my tolerance analysis and see what happens.....*

(Jim Welch's email of April 11, 2005)

- **Phase error for APS-type settlement is  $\sim 55^\circ$  as compared to  $\sim 360^\circ$  from the uncorrelated model.**
- **Can the effect of correlated ground settlement be tuned out ?**
- **How large is uncorrelated settlement as a fraction of total settlement ?**  
(uncorrelated settlement of  $\sim 10 \mu\text{m} \rightarrow$  phase error  $\sim 85^\circ$ )
- **Can we assume long granite girders and their kinematic supports to be perfectly rigid and thermally stable ?**

## Fixed Supports - Option 1:

- Maintain 1.4m beam height.
- Water-cooled cylindrical steel supports.
- Thermally insulated.
- Viscoelastic damping is used to reduce cradle vibrations.

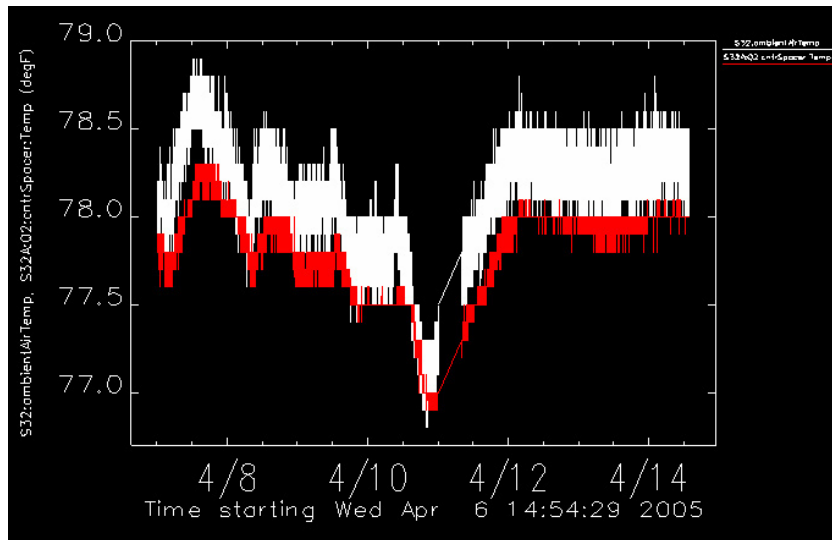


# Fixed Support Thermal Stabilization

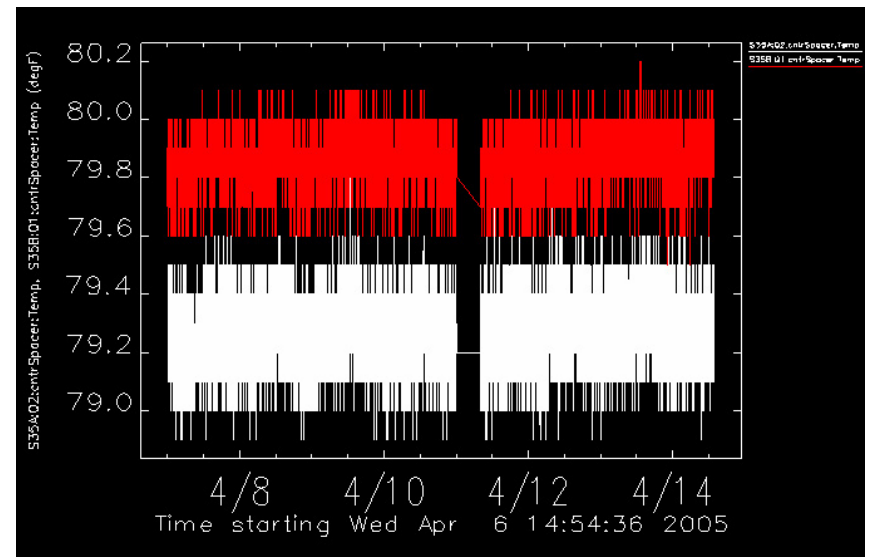
**Case 1: APS sand-filled, insulated XBPM stand**

**Case 2: APS water-cooled, insulated 4-jaw pinhole stand**

- Better performance by a factor of ~4.
- For further improvement:
  - Reduce water temperature fluctuations.
  - Reduce water flow



Sand-Filled, Insulated XBPM Stand



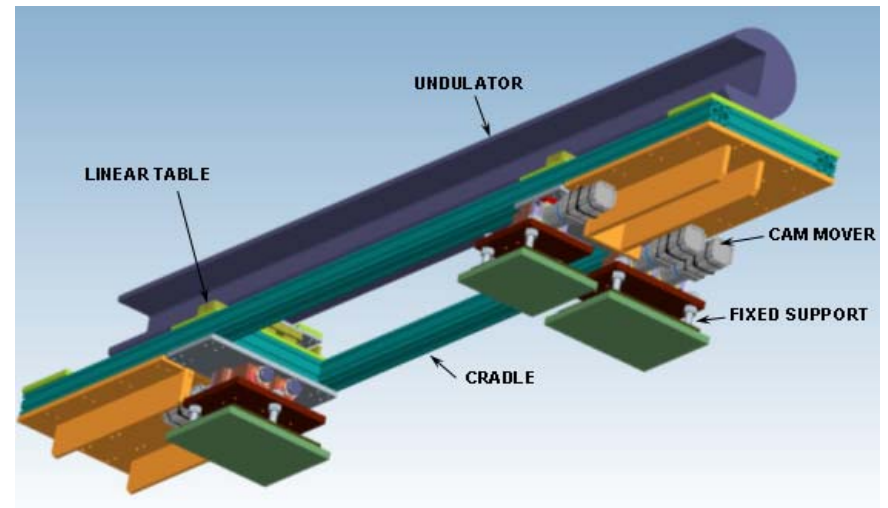
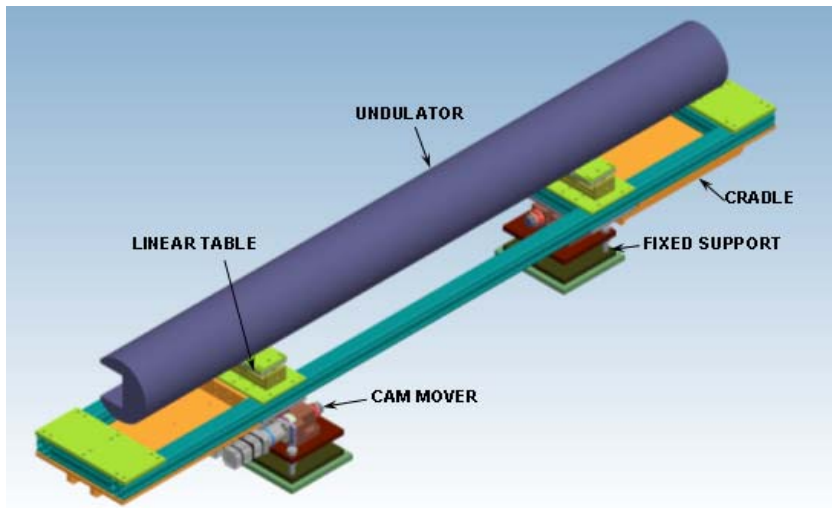
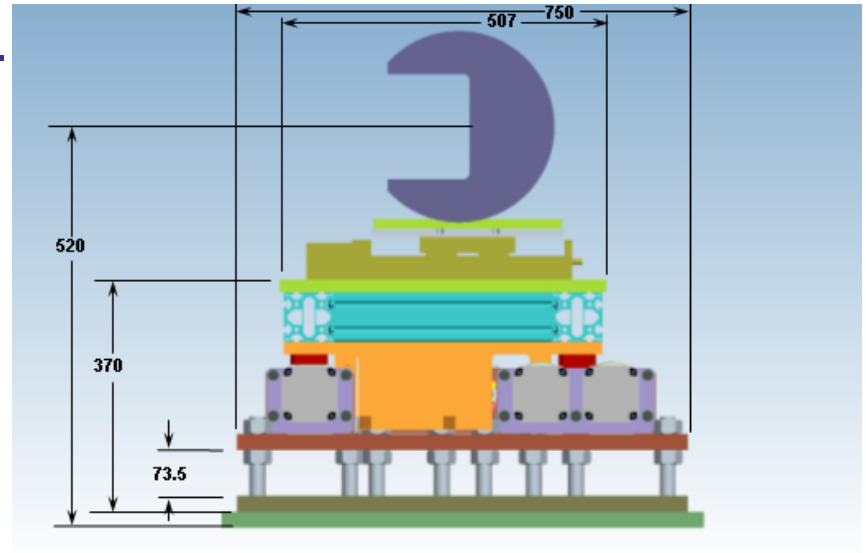
Water-Cooled, Insulated Pinhole Stand



## Fixed Supports – Option 2 (Pedestals):

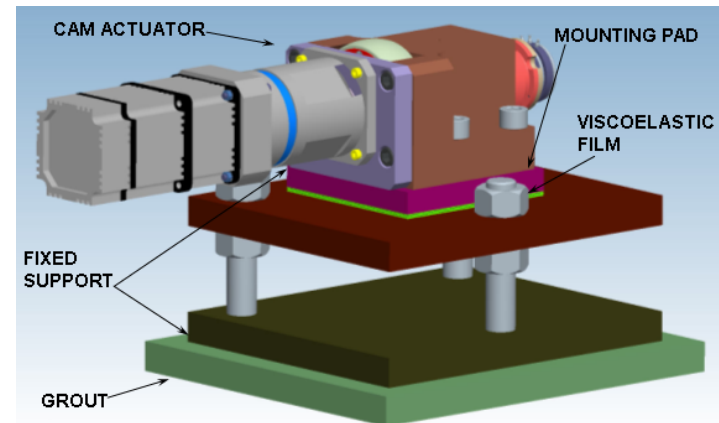
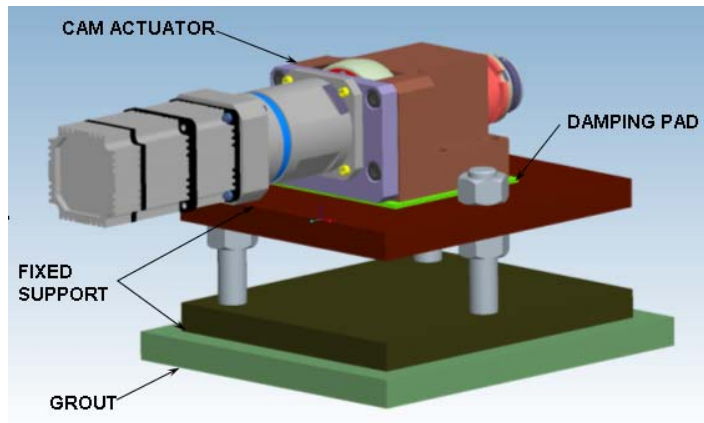
Same as Option 1 without the SS columns.

Pedestals may be thermally insulated if necessary.

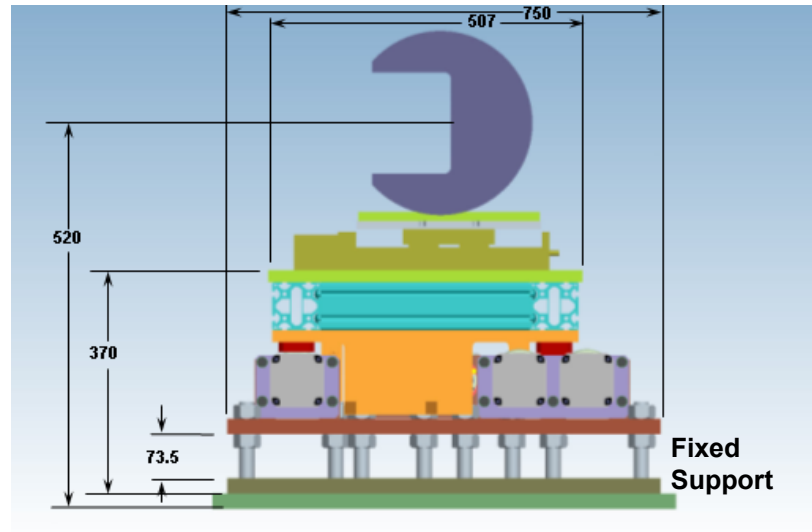


## Fixed Support with Vibration Damping

- **Concept 1: Cam movers sit freely on viscoelastic damping pads. Must prevent tipping over under 2g horizontal acceleration.**
- **Concept 2: Cam mover is bolted to a mounting pad.**



## Summary



- Short pedestals provide a cost-effective solution for the “Fixed Support.”
- *It is not obvious that the overall support system (fixed support + cam movers + cradle + linear tables) will meet the design specification of  $\pm 1 \mu\text{m}$  transverse stability.*